



Start Compostin

The Cutest Composter in the World



- On level ground
- Near where you will use the compost

Visit Envirocycle.com to learn about:

- What can and what cannot be composted
- More examples of Green and Brown Materials
- How to compost more efficiently
- Other helpful composting tips



Collect Material

Harvest and Repeat Eat fresh vegetables, fruits and herbs.

Green - Wet

Vegetable and fruit scraps Fresh grass clippings Garden prunings

Brown - Dry

Dry leaves Dry grass clippings Peat moss

Cut the material to 1 in³ size.



Fill the Drum

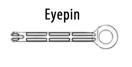
Add 75% Green and 25% Brown by weight.





Spread the Compost

Roll your Composter Drum to destination. Open the door and remove the Eyepin. Remove the door an apply the compost.











Rotate the Drum

Turn 3 full revolutions every 3 days.

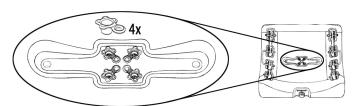






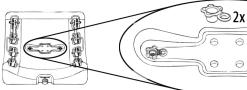
Plug your Composter Base with Drain Plugs to:

Collect the compost tea in the base Drain the compost tea into the ground OR









Dilute the compost tea 90% water and 10% compost tea. Diluted compost tea can be sprayed on plants or poured into the soil.

Contact Envirocycle™ Customer Service:

Email: customerservice@envirocycle.com Phone (toll free): 1-866-989-3684











Use the Envirocycle™ Composter Composteamaker as specified in this Getting Started Guide, Envirocycle.com and other documentation created by Envirocycle Systems Inc. There are many resources that can teach you how to follow the basic principles of composting on our website and many other sources on the Internet.

Envirocycle™ products are designed to be strong, to last long and to be easy to use. That said, there are some things that you should keep in mind:



- Completely avoid adding the following materials to the Envirocycle™ Composter:
 - Certain paper products such as high gloss paper, waxy paper, brightly colored paper;
 - Wild mushrooms or fungi;
 - Products of combustion such as ashes and embers;
 - Chemically treated wood;
 - Chainsaw sawdust or any sawdust mixed with lubricant oils;
 - Pharmaceutical waste such as expired and non-expired medicines;
 - Petrochemical products such as gasoline, diesel, motor oil, paints, glues, etc.;
 - Most inorganic materials such as plastics and metals;
- Envirocycle does not recommend adding animal or human waste, especially that of carnivorous or omnivorous animals to the composter. Animal or human waste can add nutrients to the compost, however composting is a "you get what you put into it" process. Animal or human waste may contain harmful microorganisms, including pathogens or parasites, that can be harmful or fatal to humans. If you choose to use animal or human waste in an Envirocycle™ Composter, it is at your own risk. We do not recommend applying compost made with animal or human waste to garden beds, especially gardens with edibles.
- The Envirocycle™ Composter is not animal-proof. If our instructions are followed, animals are less likely to be interested in the composter. We represent and claim that the Envirocycle™ Composter may be damaged by animals, including but not limited to bears, raccoons, and squirrels, etc., especially if you do not follow our instructions.
- Do not expect a specific result. Outcomes may vary. If you do not follow our instructions or other common practice
 compost methodologies, this could lead to slow, smelly, unpleasant, or even harmful or dangerous results. There are many
 factors involved in composting, thus we cannot guarantee results.
- You are responsible for complying with any and all applicable federal, state, and local composting laws. Envirocycle is not responsible for any violations thereof which could result from the use of your Envirocycle™ Composter.
- We recommend placing your composter in sunny locations, however the outside surface of the composter drum can get hot
 to the touch, especially during the middle of summer in warmer climates. This extra heat helps speed up the composting
 process. You can wear gloves or add to or turn your composter during the early mornings and evenings to avoid touching
 the heat.
- Avoid placing your hands in-between the moving parts, like the Drum and the wheels of the Base when rotating the Drum. There is a risk of pinching your fingers or hand.
- Always secure the Door with the Snap Latch properly shut on the Drum to prevent compost or compostable material from spilling out of the Drum or damaging the door.
- Use only water and non-abrasive cloths or brushes to clean the surface of the Envirocycle™ Composter and its parts and
 components. Do not clean any of the parts or components of the Envirocycle™ Composter with any kind of detergent or
 surfactant.
- Avoid turning the composter during winter or when temperatures are below freezing. The composting process comes to a
 halt as temperatures approach freezing. The compostable material may form an icy, solid block that may damage the
 composter. Continue to add compostable material to the composter drum and when spring arrives and the material thaws,
 start turning the composter again.
- Empty all liquid from the Base if the temperature drops below the freezing point of water. Freezing water increases in volume and this may damage the Base.
- Avoid rolling the Drum down hills. It is always safest to roll the Drum on flat surfaces.
- Remove the Door when emptying the compost from the Drum. If the Drum turns and rotates onto the Door, the weight of a full Drum is enough to damage the Door.
- Do not place the Envirocycle™ Composter near any heaters or open flames.
- Do not drink compost tea. Contrary to the name, it is not a tea, and is not suitable for human consumption. If you already compost and knew this one, we hope you find it hilarious that we added it to our list of warnings.













